

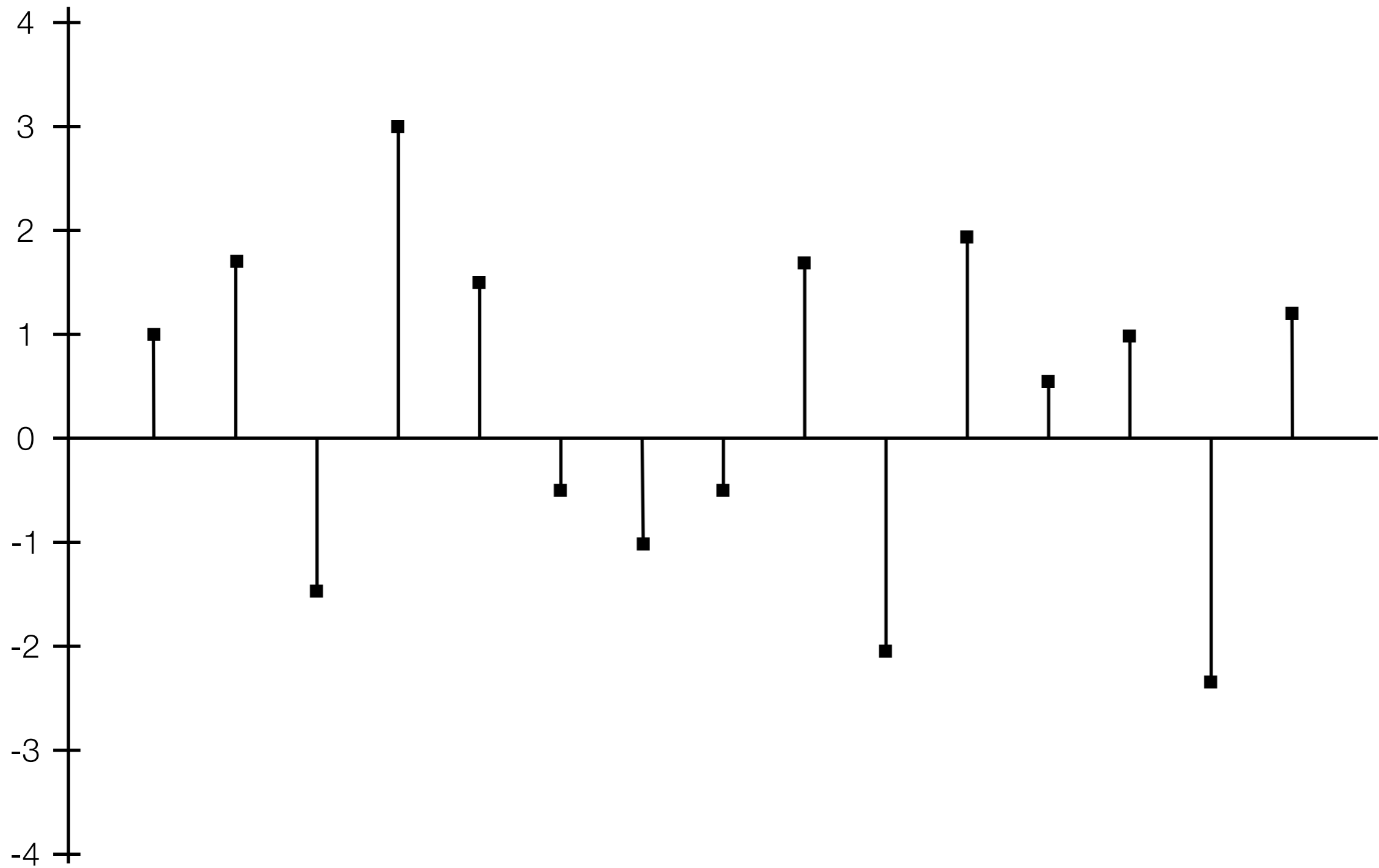
Data Flow Fusion with Series Expressions

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Gabriele Keller, Amos Robinson

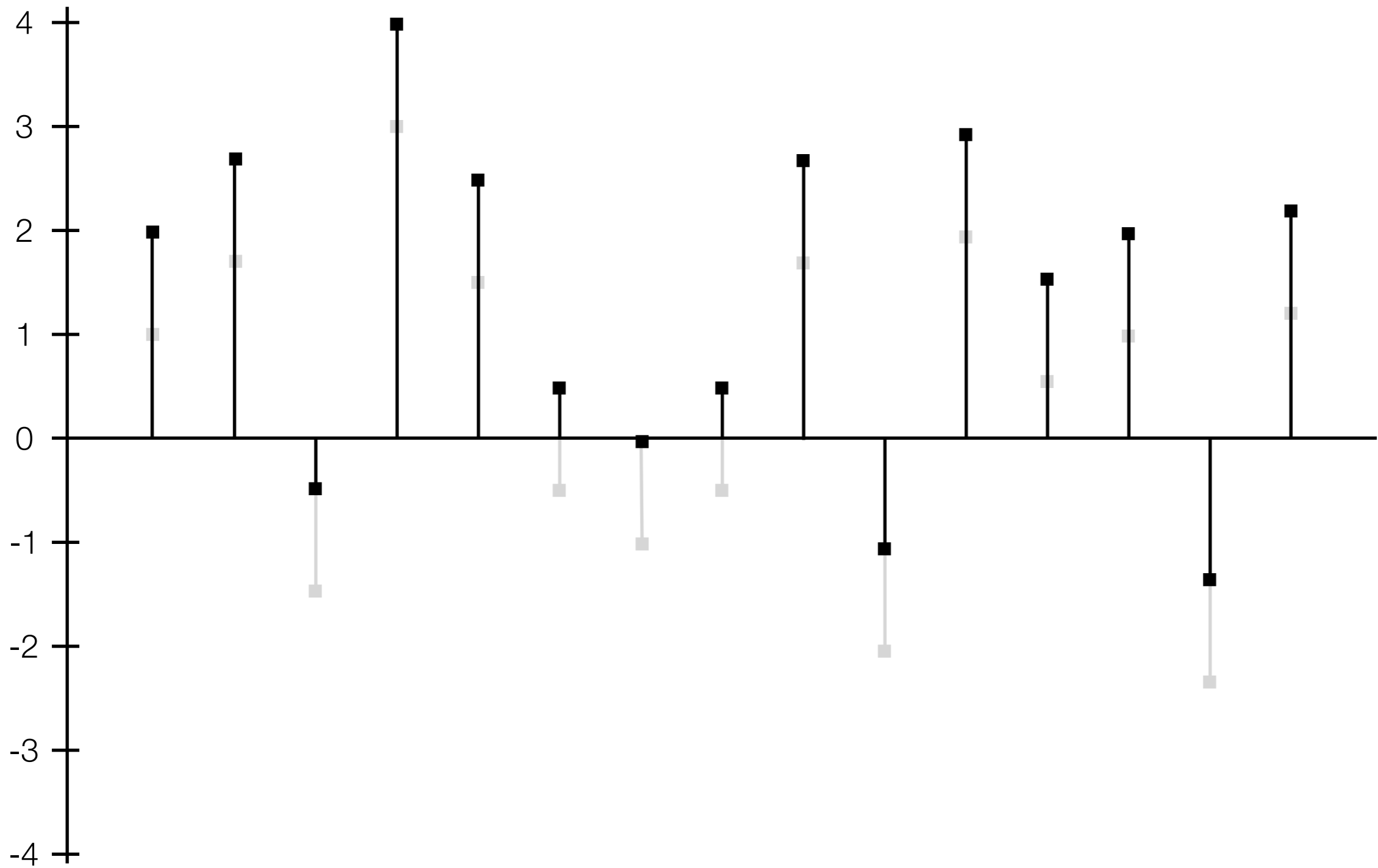
University of New South Wales

Haskell Symposium 2013

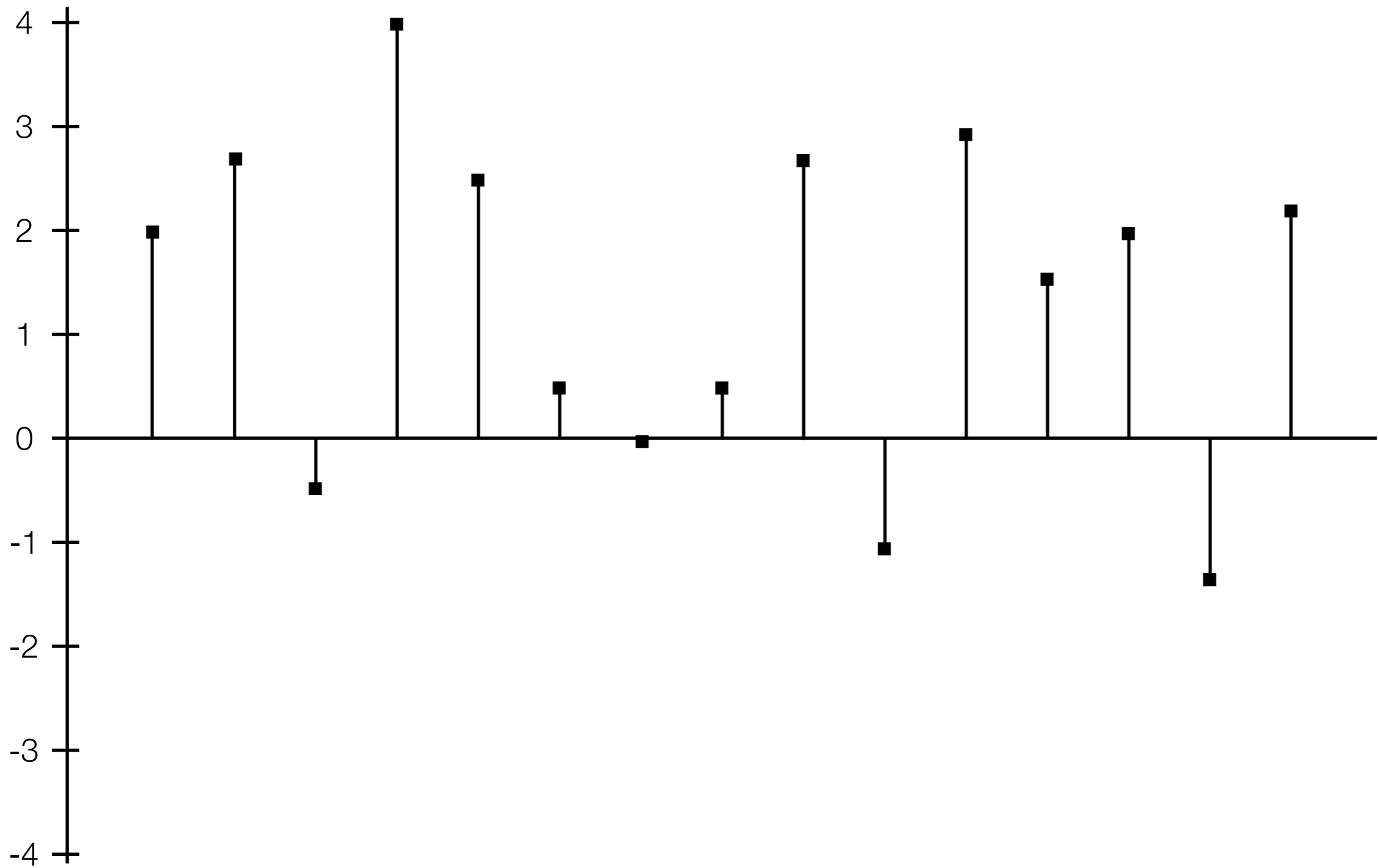
FilterMax



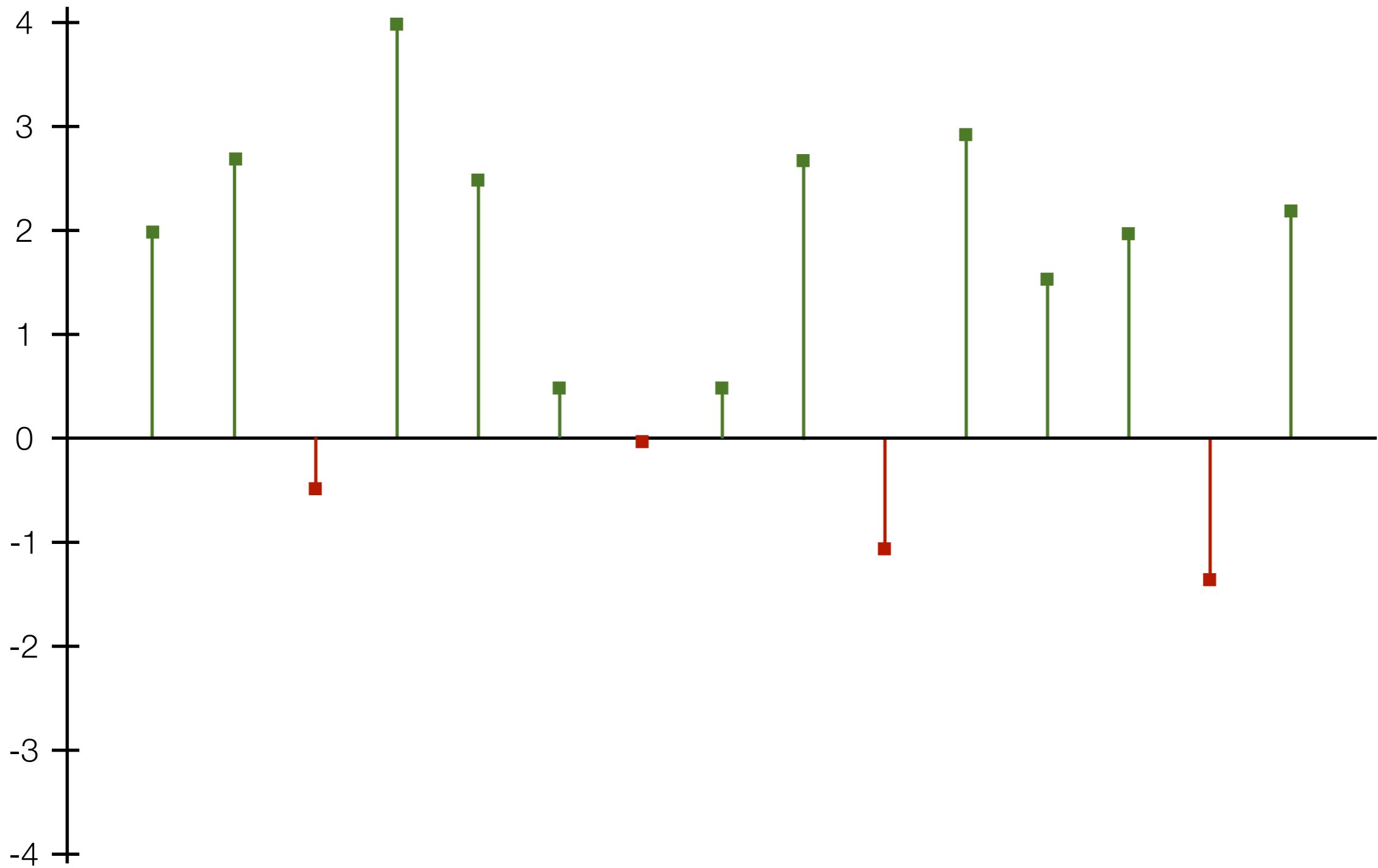
FilterMax



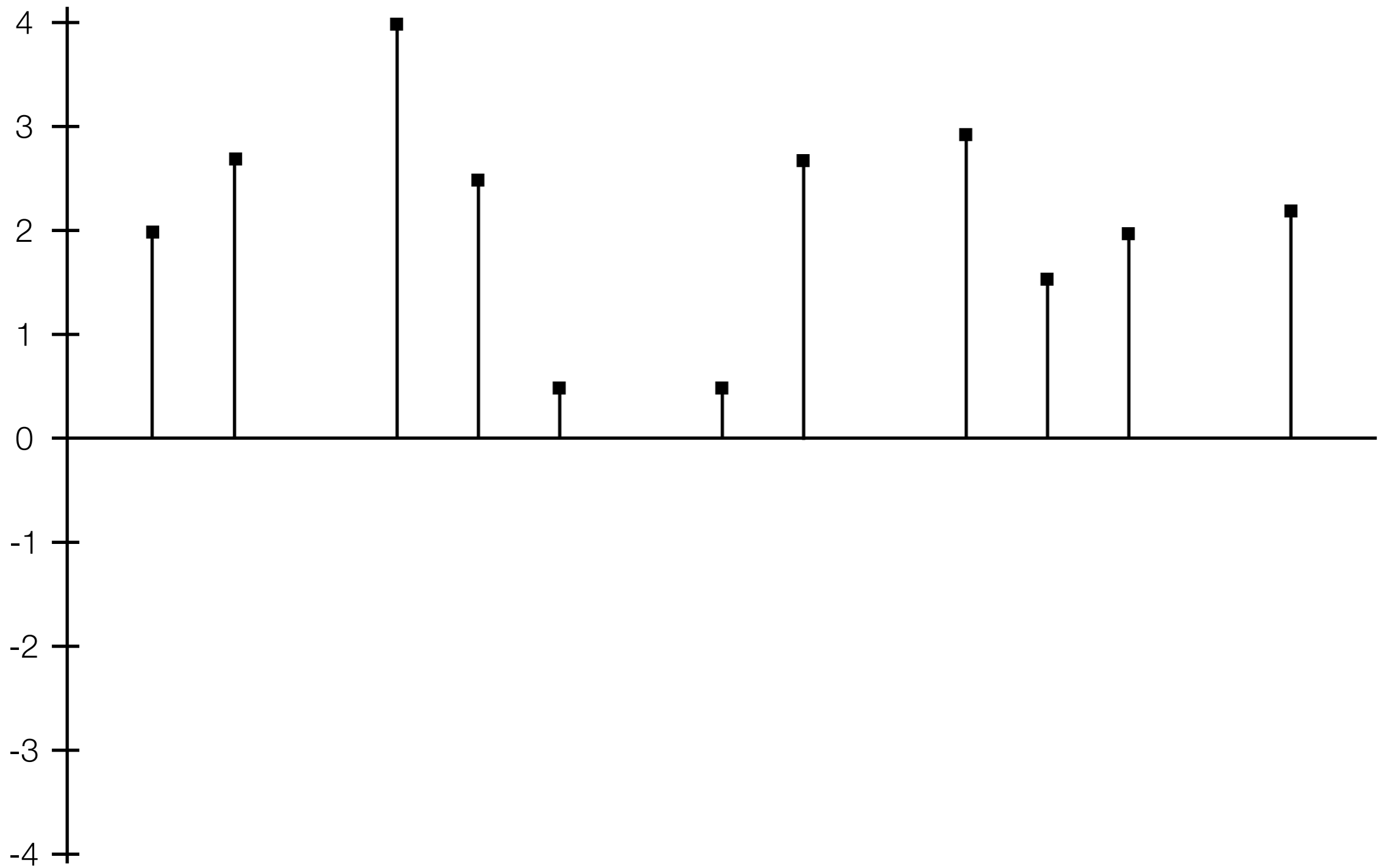
FilterMax



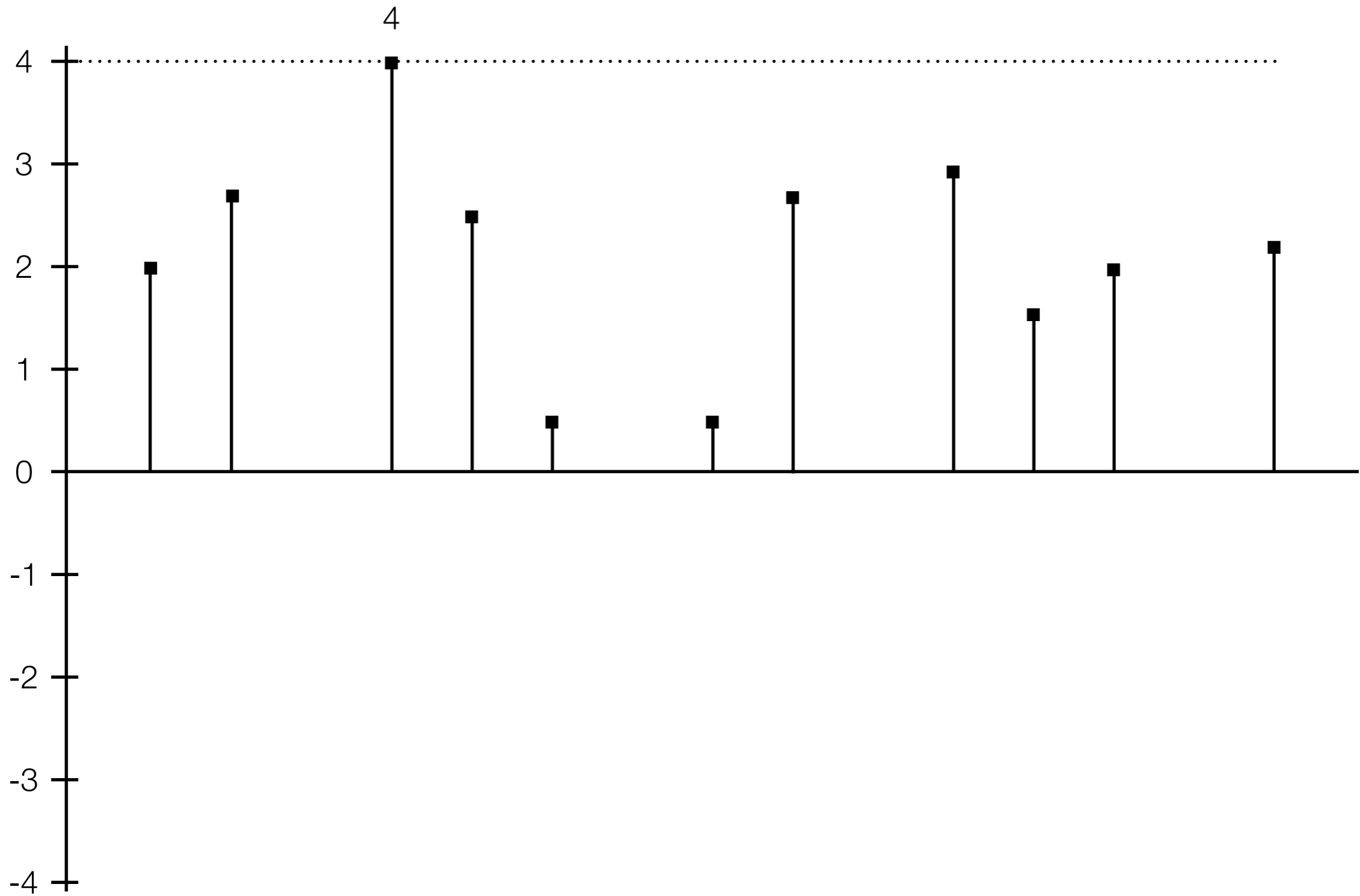
FilterMax



FilterMax



FilterMax



```
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
  = let vec2 = map (+ 1) vec1
        vec3 = filter (> 0) vec2
        n    = fold max 0 vec3
    in (vec3, n)
```



```
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
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```

```
map f      = unstream . mapS f      . stream
filter p   = unstream . filterS p   . stream
fold f z   = foldS f z . stream
```

```
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= let vec2 = unstream (mapS (+ 1) (stream vec1))
      vec3 = unstream (filterS (> 0) (stream vec2))
      n     = foldS max 0 (stream vec3)
  in (vec3, n)
```

```
map f      = unstream . mapS f      . stream
filter p   = unstream . filterS p   . stream
fold f z   = foldS f z . stream
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```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
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                        (stream (unstream (mapS (+ 1)
                                             (stream vec1))))))
      n     = foldS max 0 (stream vec3)
  in  (vec3, n)

```

```

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filter p   = unstream . filters p   . stream
fold f z   = foldS f z . stream

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```
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```

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```

RULE "stream/unstream"

forall xs. stream (unstream xs) = xs

```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= let
    vec3 = unstream (filterS (> 0)
        (stream (unstream (mapS (+ 1)
            (stream vec1))))))
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```

RULE "stream/unstream"

forall xs. stream (unstream xs) = xs

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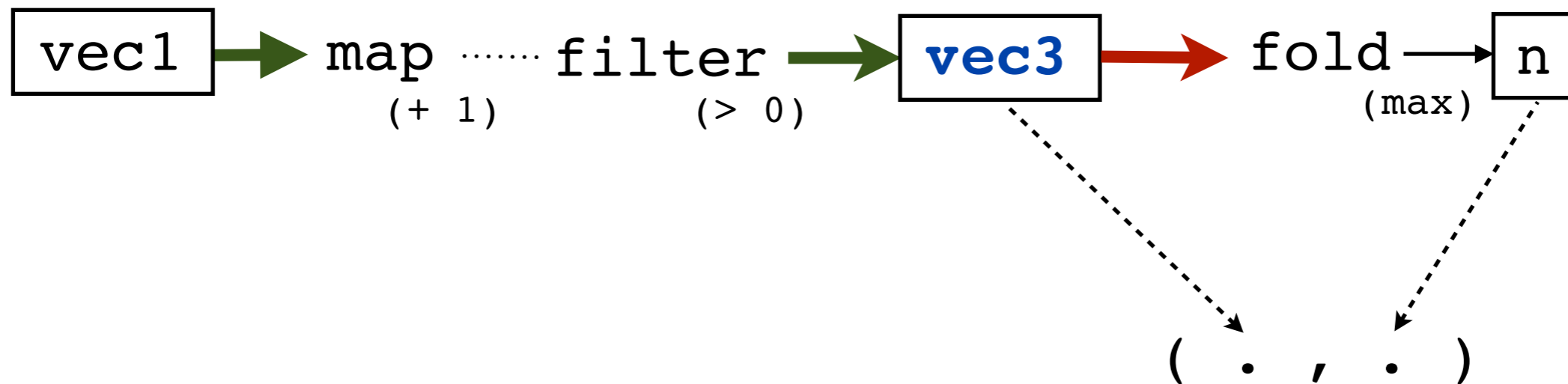
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filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
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      vec3 = unstream (filters (> 0) (mapS (+ 1)
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      n     = foldS max 0 (stream vec3)
  in  (vec3, n)
```



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
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    n     = foldS max 0 (stream vec3)
in (vec3, n)

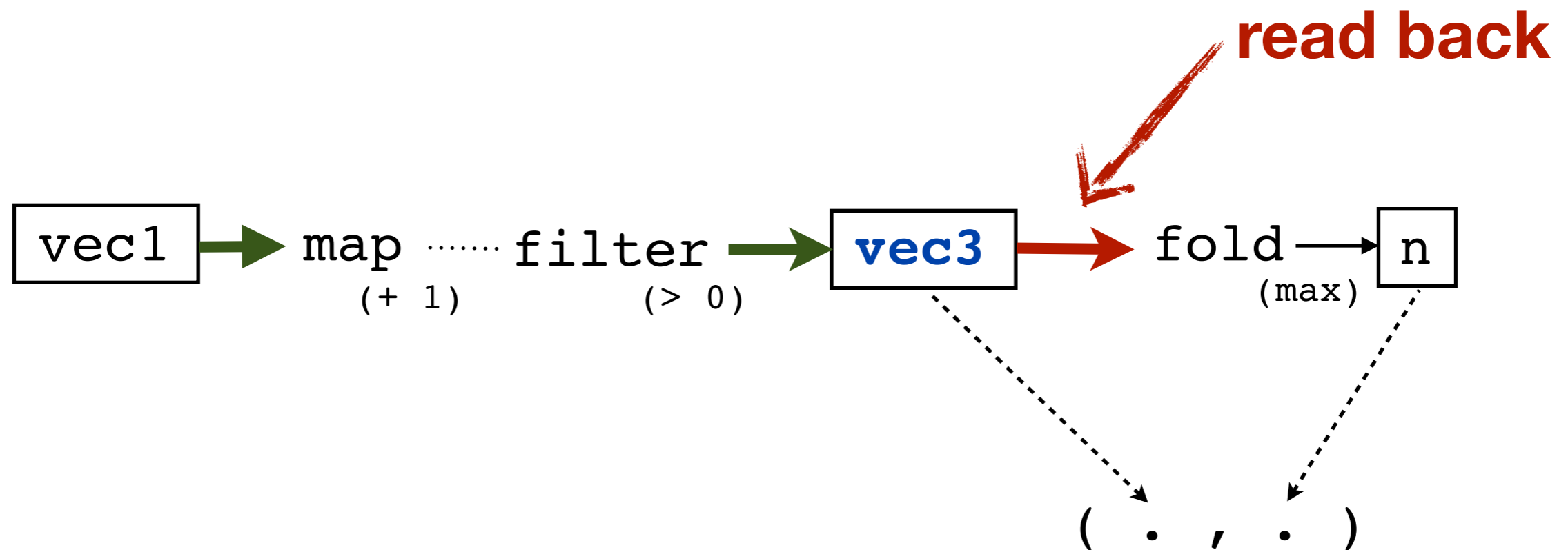
```



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= let
    vec3 = unstream (filters (> 0) (mapS (+ 1)
                                       (stream vec1)))
    n     = foldS max 0 (stream vec3)
in (vec3, n)

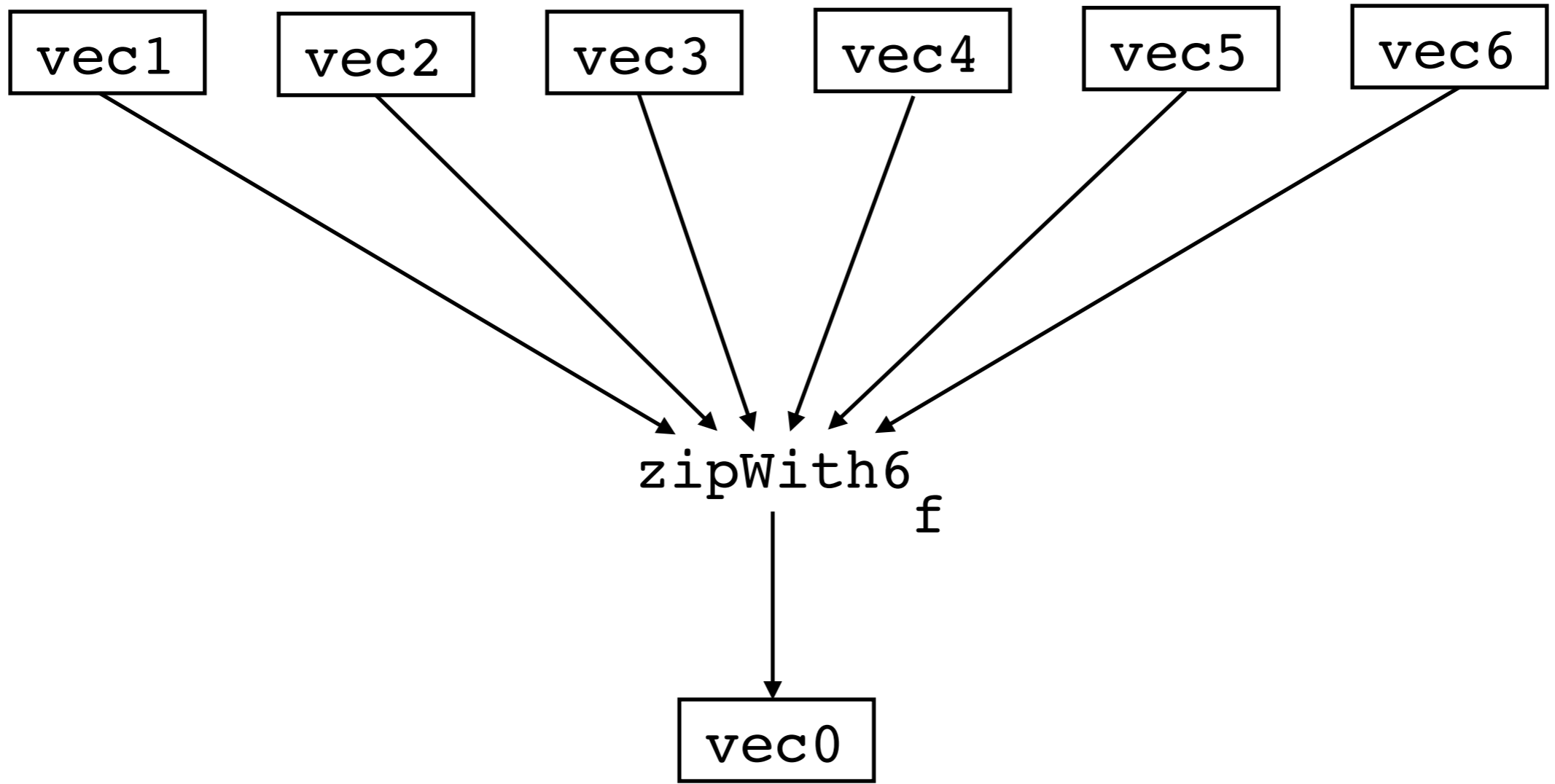
```

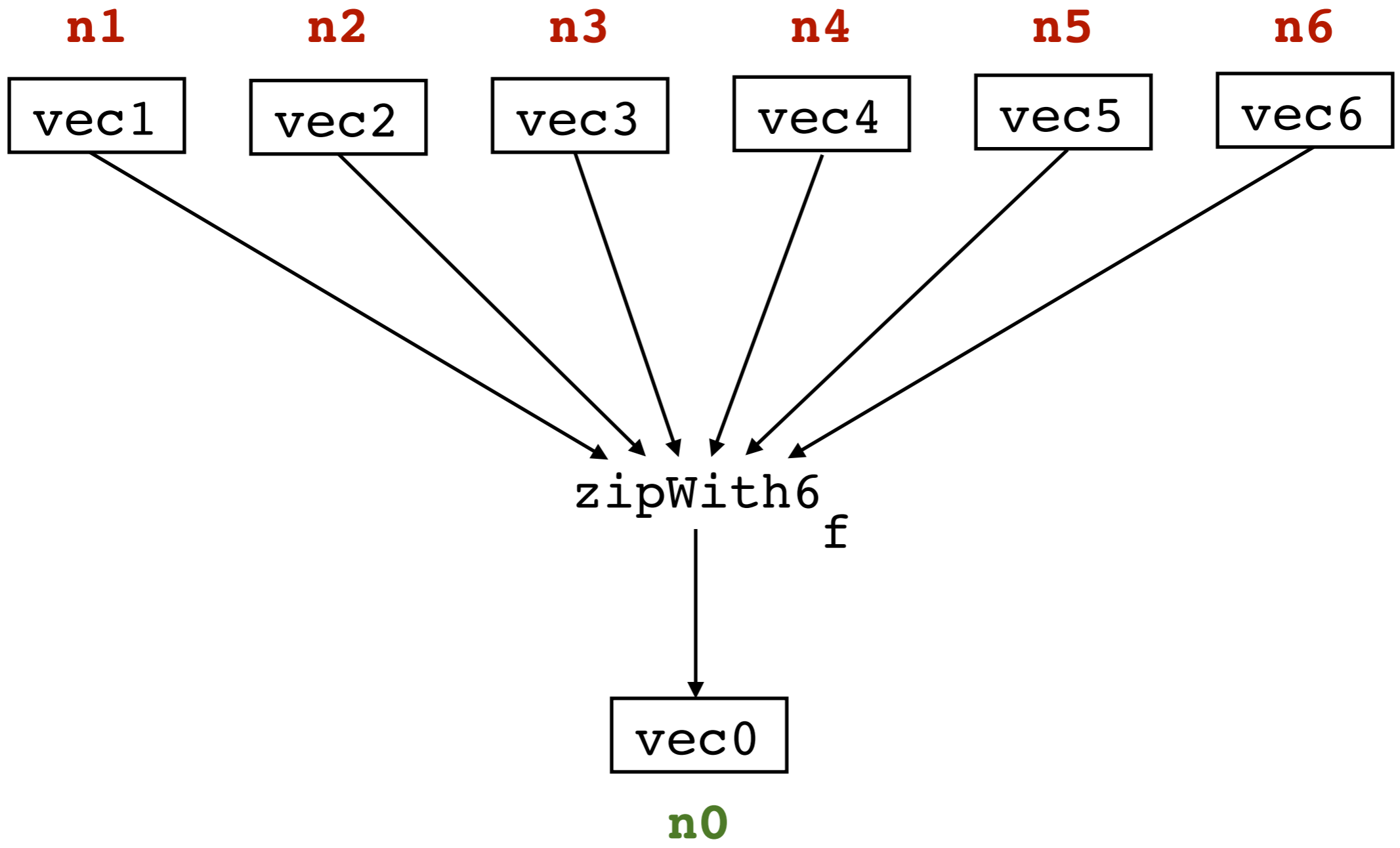


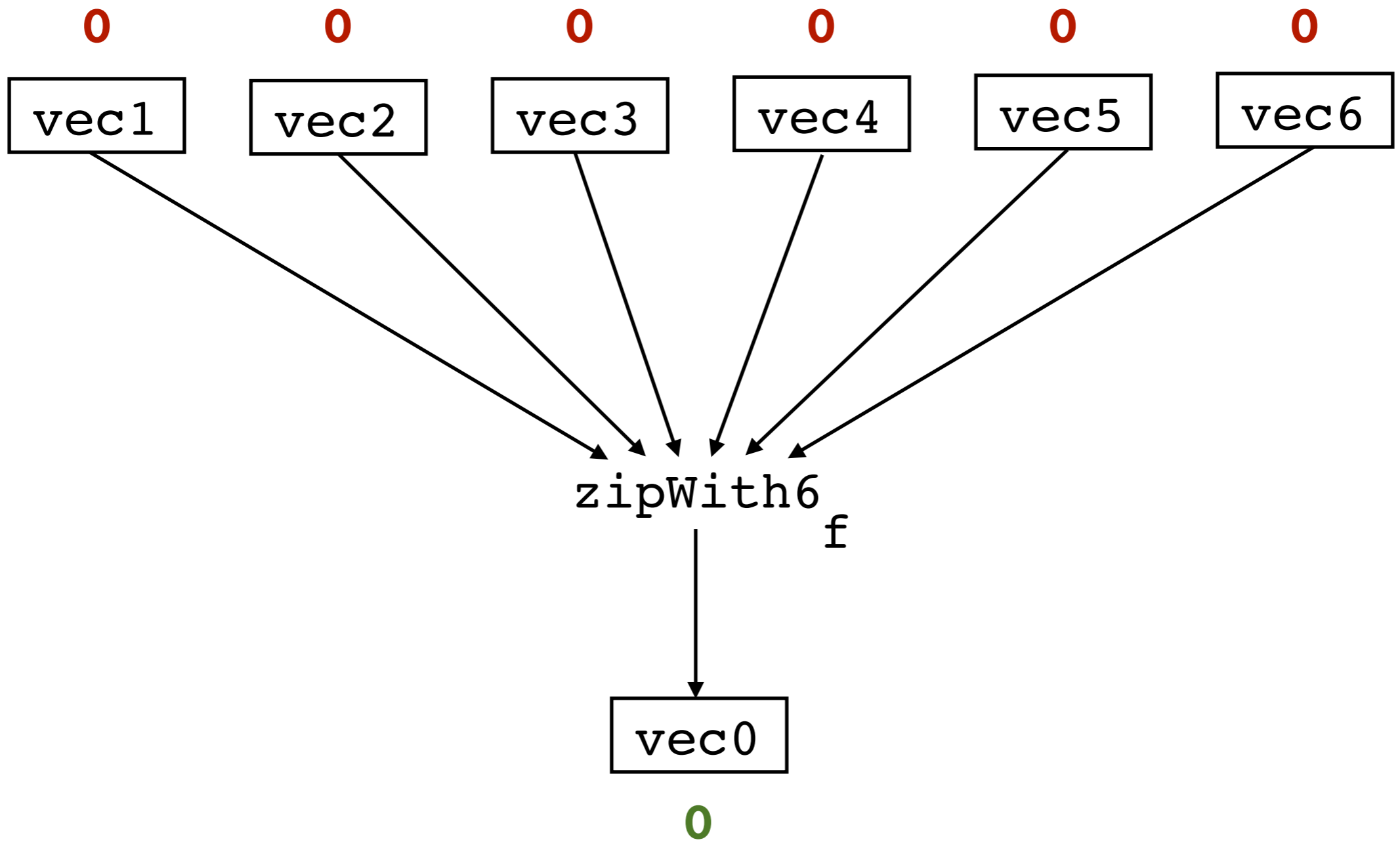
Problem 1

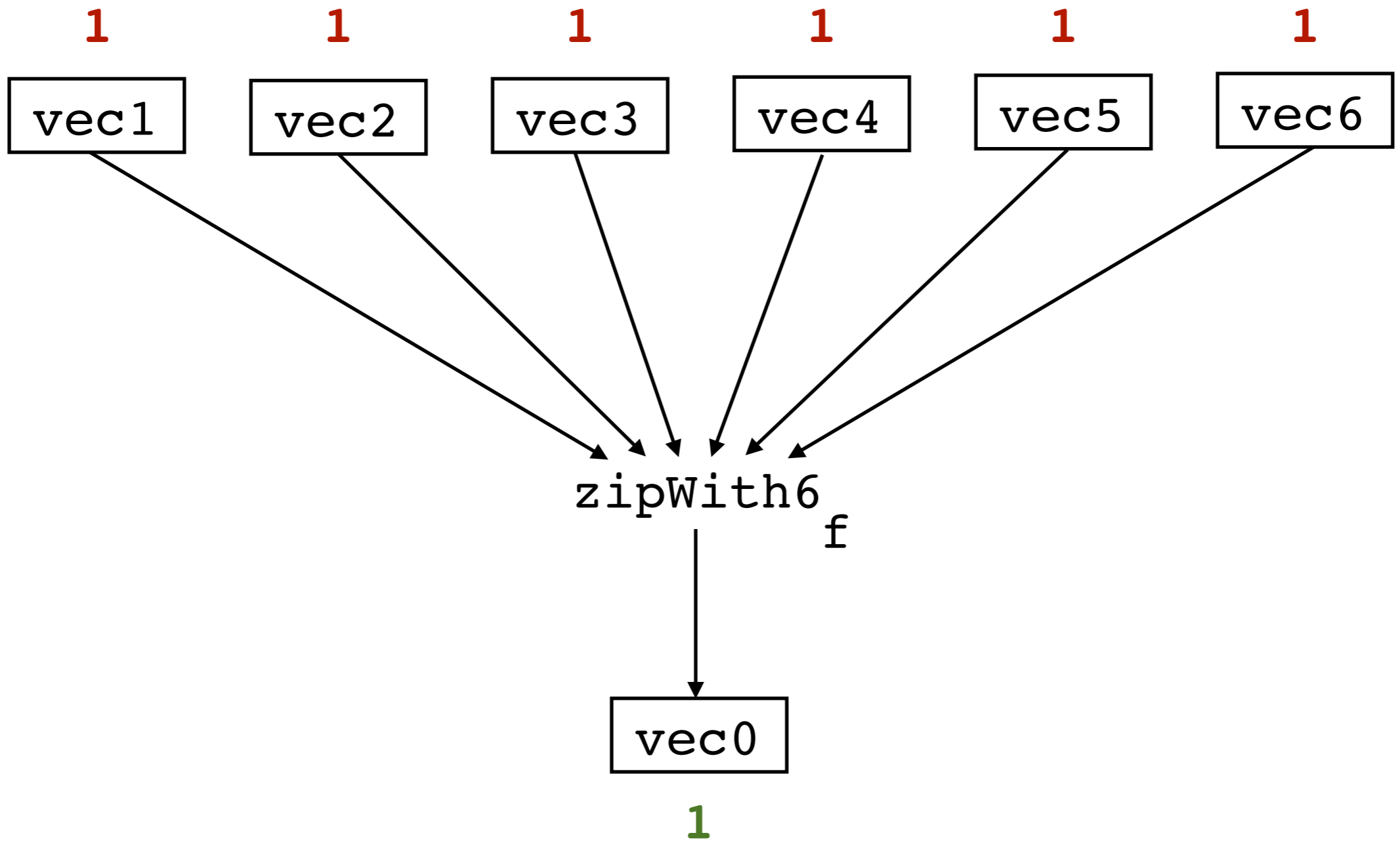
Stream fusion

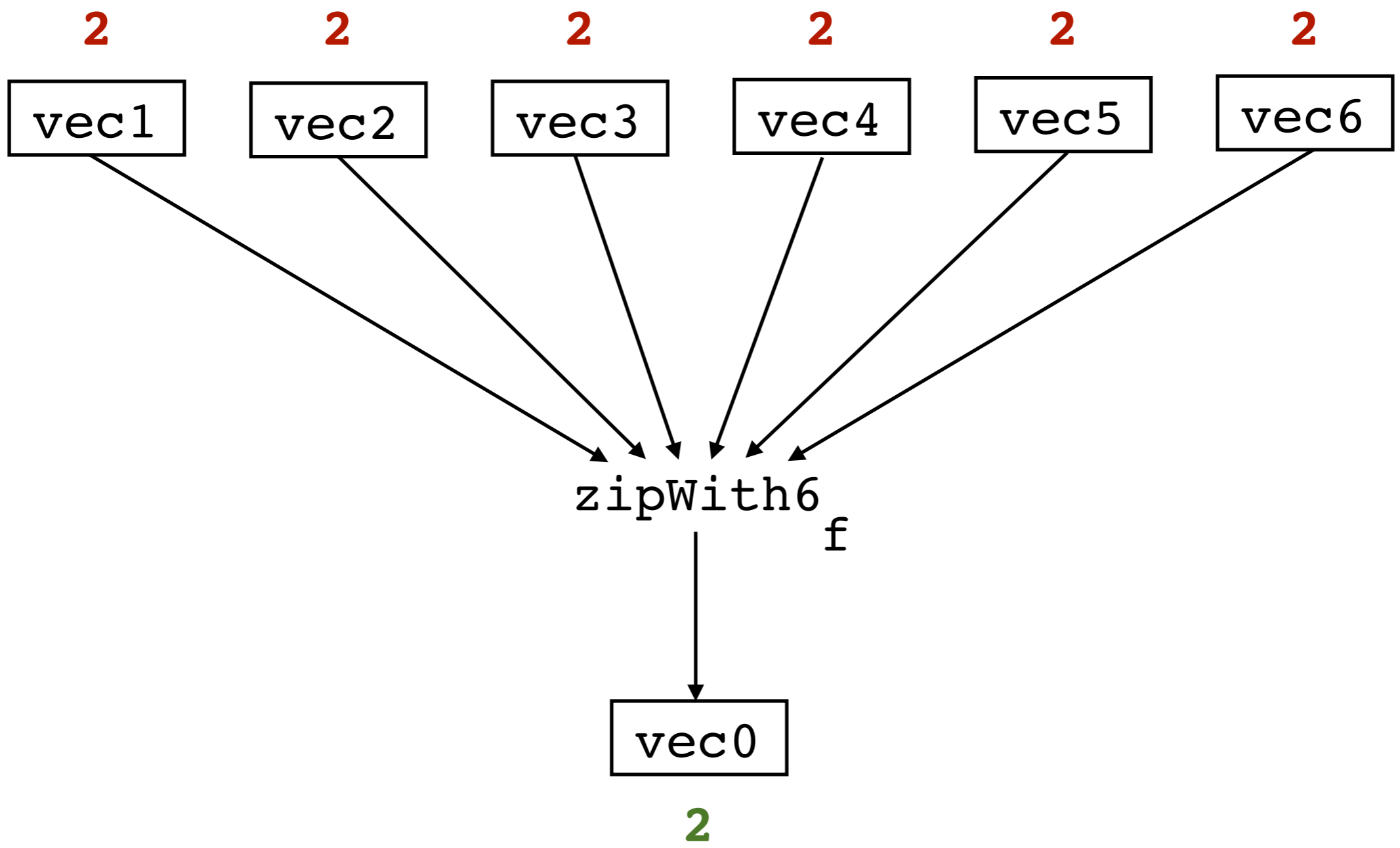
cannot fuse a producer
into multiple consumers

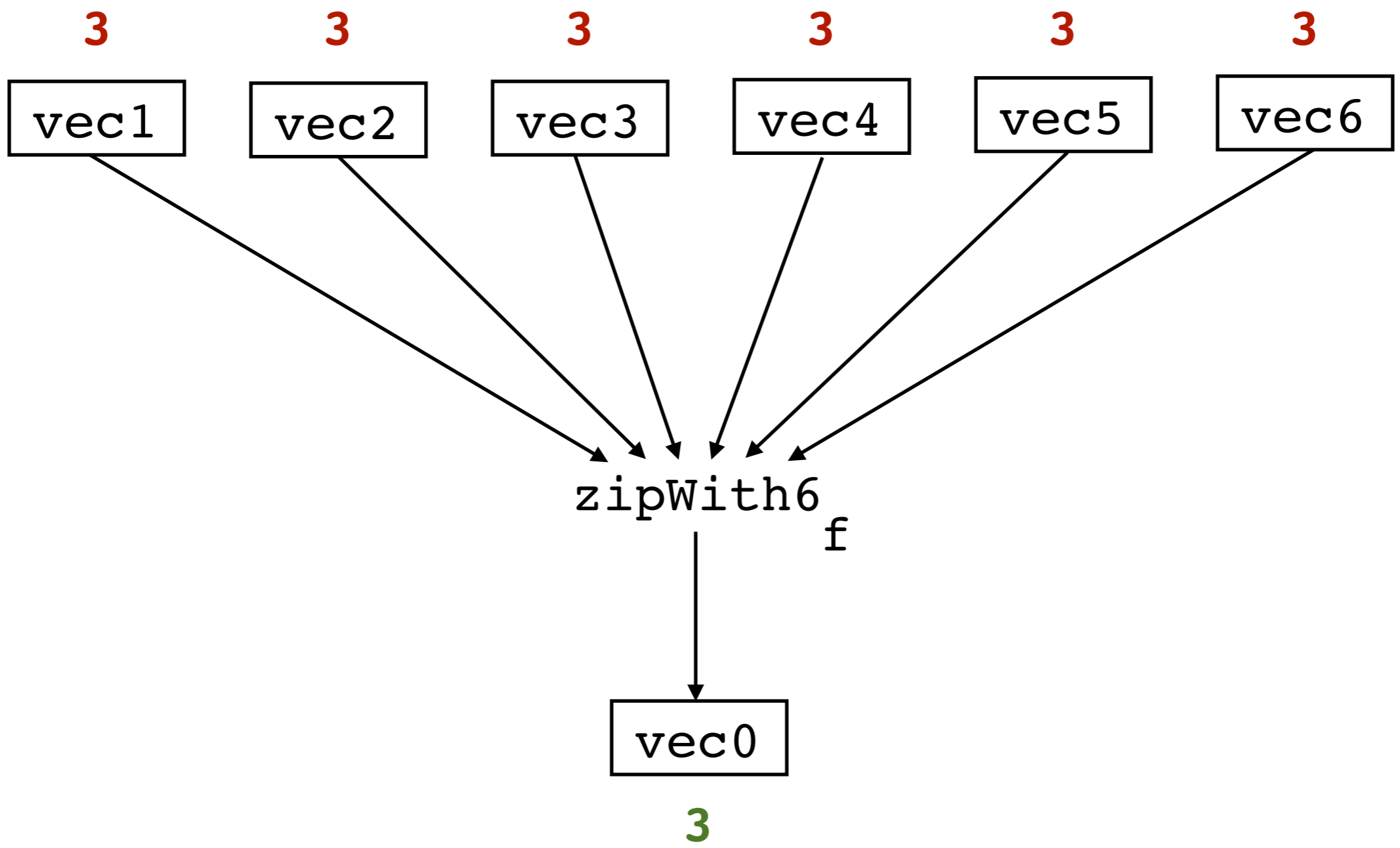












Problem 2

Stream fusion

produces many

duplicate loop counters

Data Flow Fusion

1. **Refactor** slightly to expose desired data flow.
(currently working to make this automatic)
2. **Slurp** out a data flow graph from the source.
3. **Schedule** the graph into an abstract loop nest.
4. **Extract** implementation code from the nest.

```
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= run vec1 (\s1 ->
  let s2      = map (+ 1) s1
      flags   = map (> 0) s2
  in mkSel flags (\sel ->
    let s3     = pack sel s2
        vec3   = create s3
        n      = fold max 0 s3
    in (vec3, n)))
```

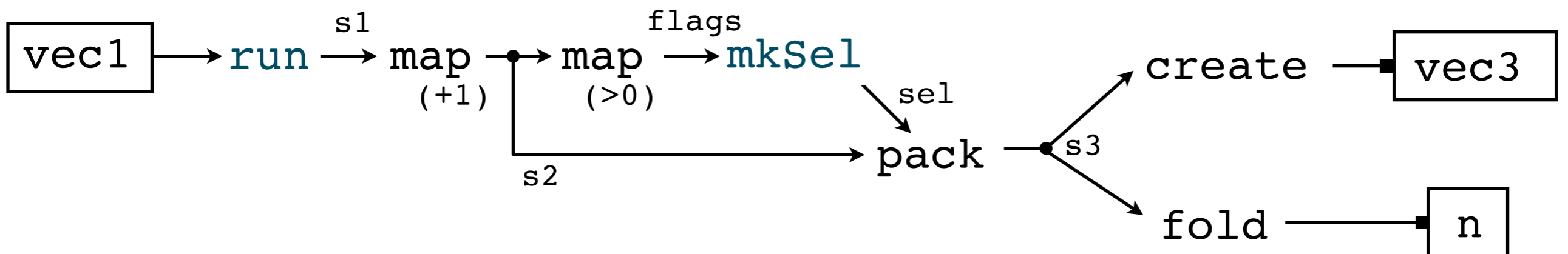
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        vec3   = create s3
            n   = fold max 0 s3
    in (vec3, n)))
```

```
pack (Sel [T F F T F]) [1 2 3 4 5] = [1 4]
```

```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= run vec1 (\s1 ->
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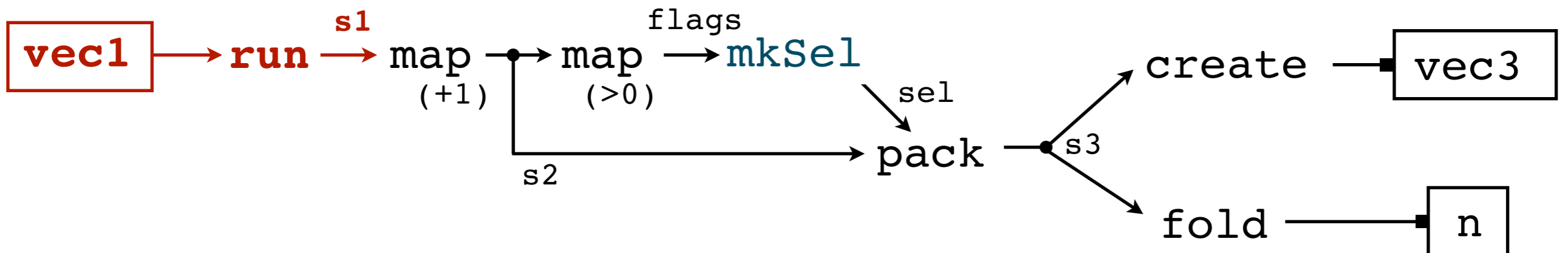
```



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= run vec1 (\s1 ->
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    let s3    = pack sel s2
        vec3  = create s3
        n     = fold max 0 s3
    in (vec3, n)))

```



```
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
```

```
filterMax vec1
```

```
= run vec1 (\s1 ->
```

```
s1 :: Series k1 Int
```

```
  let s2      = map (+ 1) s1
```

```
      flags  = map (> 0) s2
```

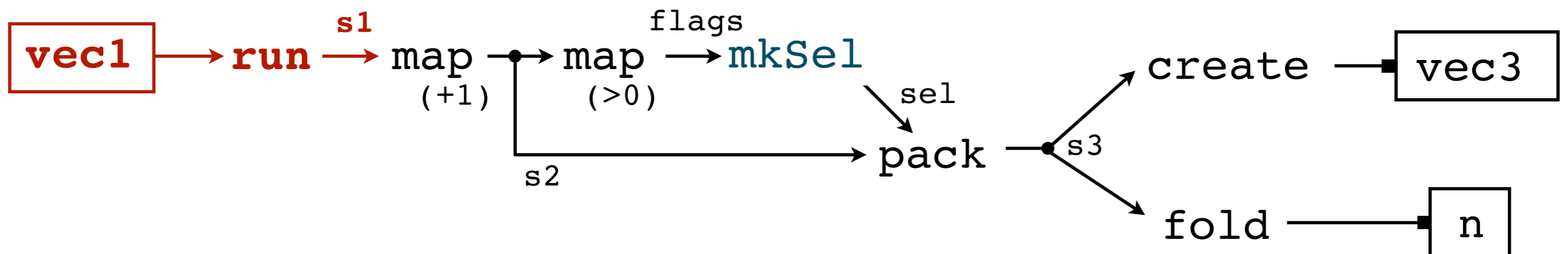
```
  in mkSel flags (\sel ->
```

```
    let s3      = pack sel s2
```

```
        vec3    = create s3
```

```
        n       = fold max 0 s3
```

```
    in (vec3, n))
```



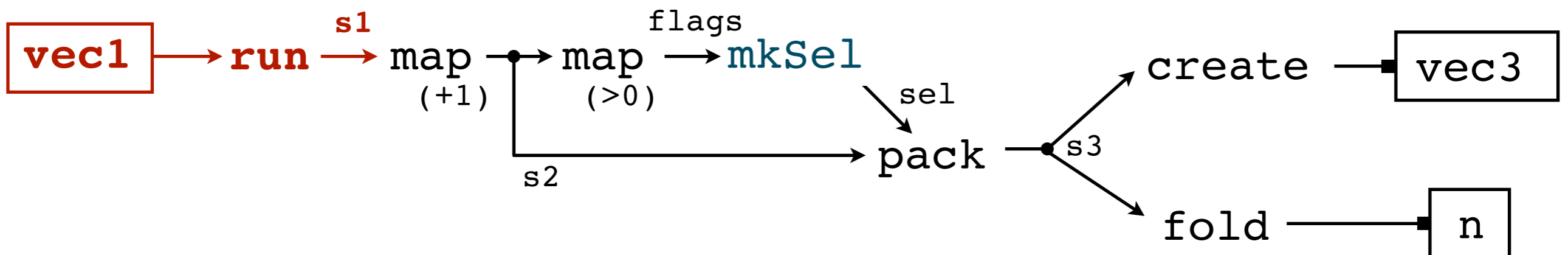

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filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
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```
filterMax vec1
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= run vec1 (\s1 ->  
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```
s1 :: Series k1 Int
```

Rate Variable



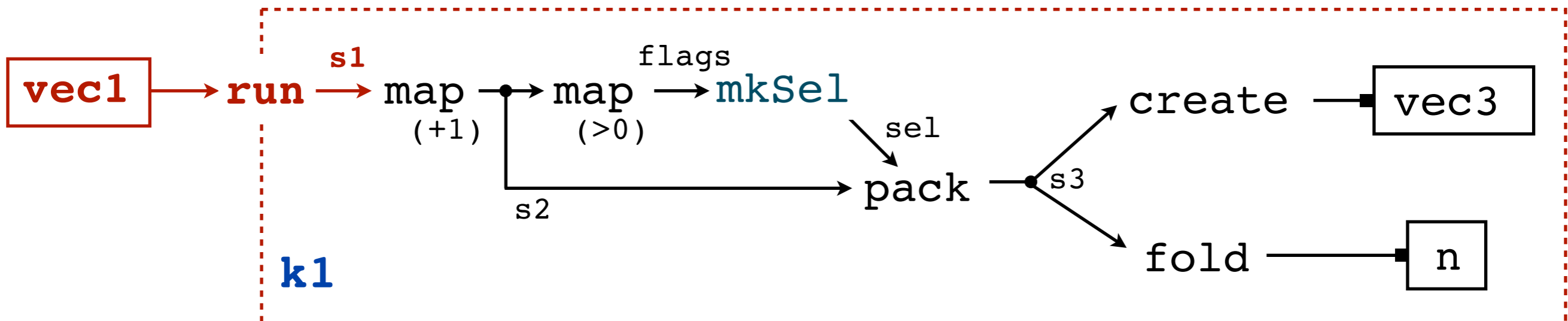
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filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
```

```
filterMax vec1
```

```
= run vec1 (\s1 ->  
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```
s1 :: Series k1 Int
```

Rate Variable



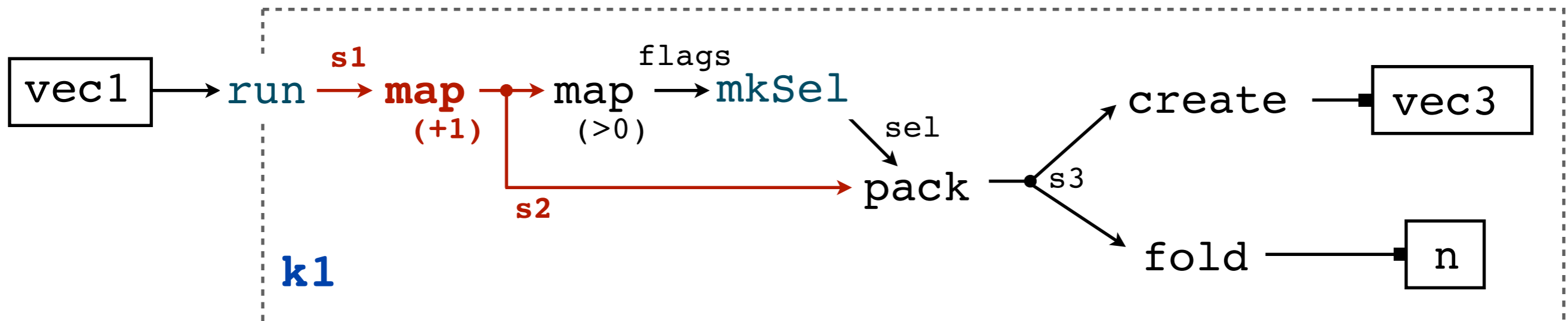
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filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
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```
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        vec3 = create s3  
        n      = fold max 0 s3  
    in (vec3, n)))
```

```
s1 :: Series k1 Int
```

```
s2 :: Series k1 Int
```

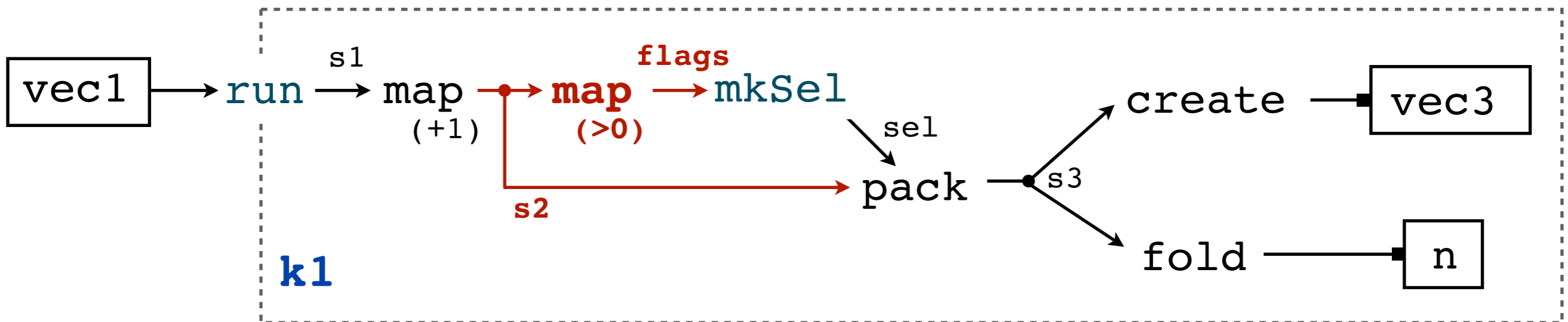


```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
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            n        = fold max 0 s3
        in (vec3, n)))

```

s1 :: Series k1 Int
 s2 :: Series k1 Int
 flags :: Series k1 Bool



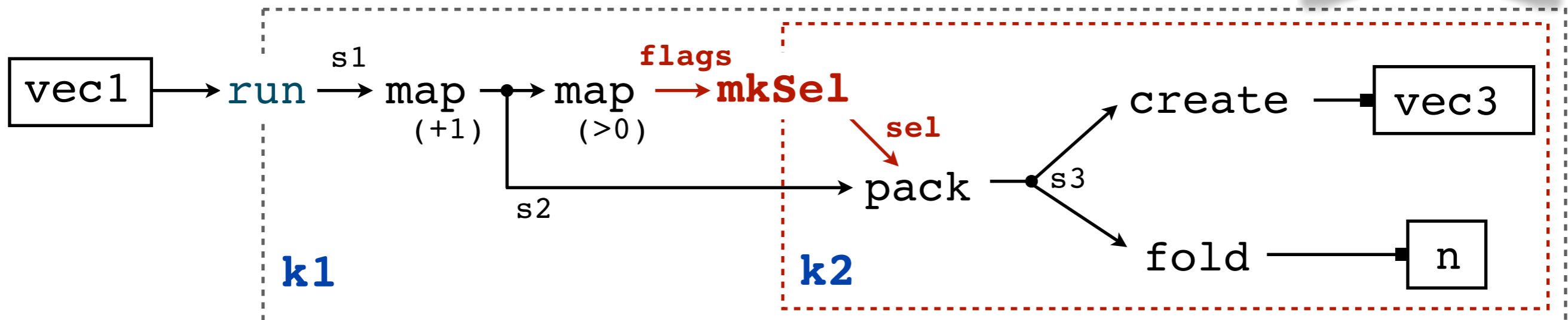
```
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
```

```
filterMax vec1
```

```
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  in mkSel flags (\sel ->
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        vec3   = create s3
        n      = fold max 0 s3
    in (vec3, n)))
```

s1 :: Series k1 Int
s2 :: Series k1 Int
flags :: Series k1 Bool
sel :: Sel k1 k2

k1 >= k2



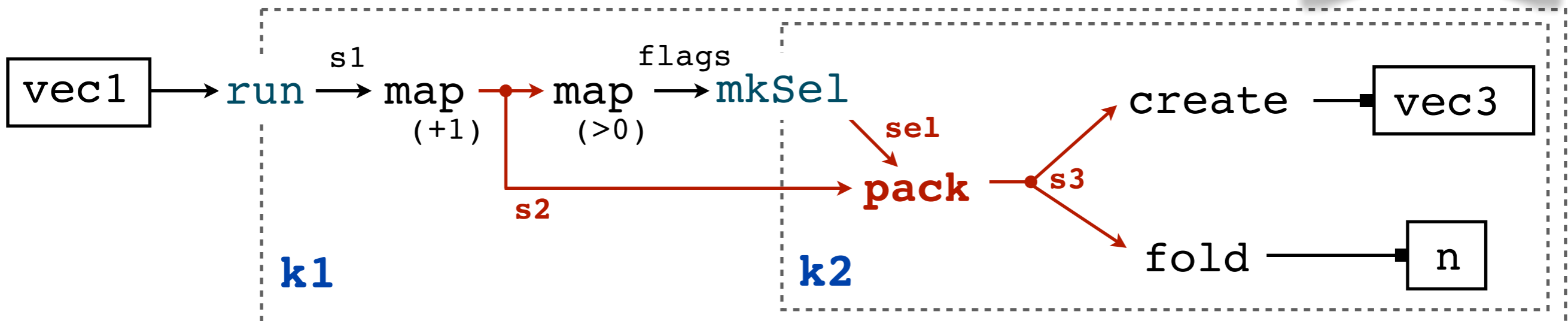
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filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
```

```
filterMax vec1
```

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    in (vec3, n)))
```

`s1 :: Series k1 Int`
`s2 :: Series k1 Int`
`flags :: Series k1 Bool`
`sel :: Sel k1 k2`
`s3 :: Series k2 Int`

`k1 >= k2`



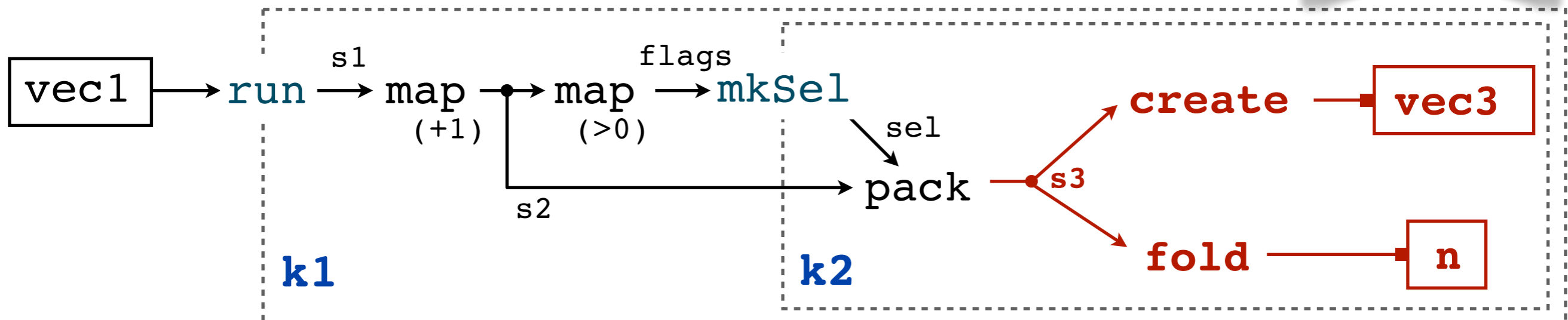
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filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
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filterMax vec1
```

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  in mkSel flags (\sel ->
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        vec3 = create s3
        n   = fold max 0 s3
    in (vec3, n)))
```

`s1 :: Series k1 Int`
`s2 :: Series k1 Int`
`flags :: Series k1 Bool`
`sel :: Sel k1 k2`
`s3 :: Series k2 Int`
`vec3 :: Vector Int`
`n :: Int`

`k1 >= k2`



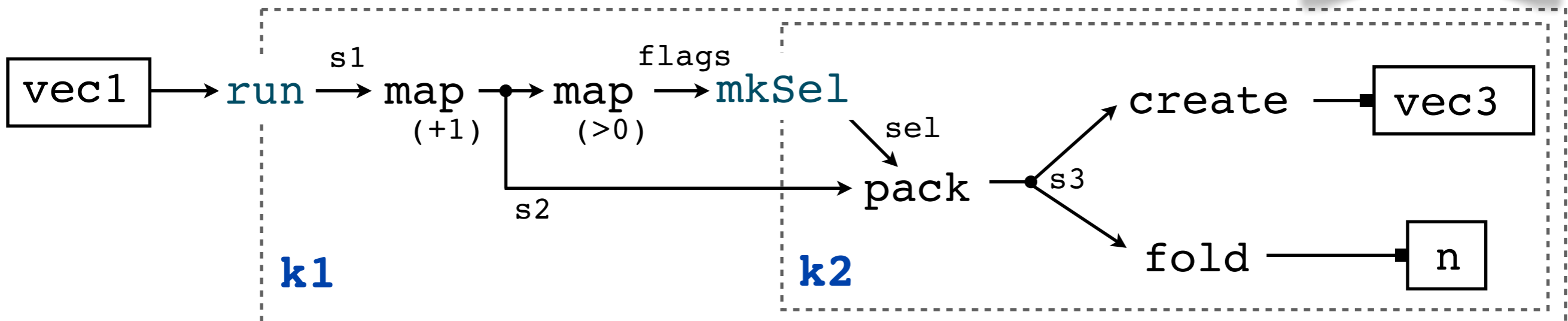
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          vec3    = create s3
              n    = fold max 0 s3
      in (vec3, n)))

```

s1 :: Series **k1** Int
 s2 :: Series **k1** Int
 flags :: Series **k1** Bool
 sel :: Sel **k1** **k2**
 s3 :: Series **k2** Int
 vec3 :: Vector Int
 n :: Int

k1 >= k2

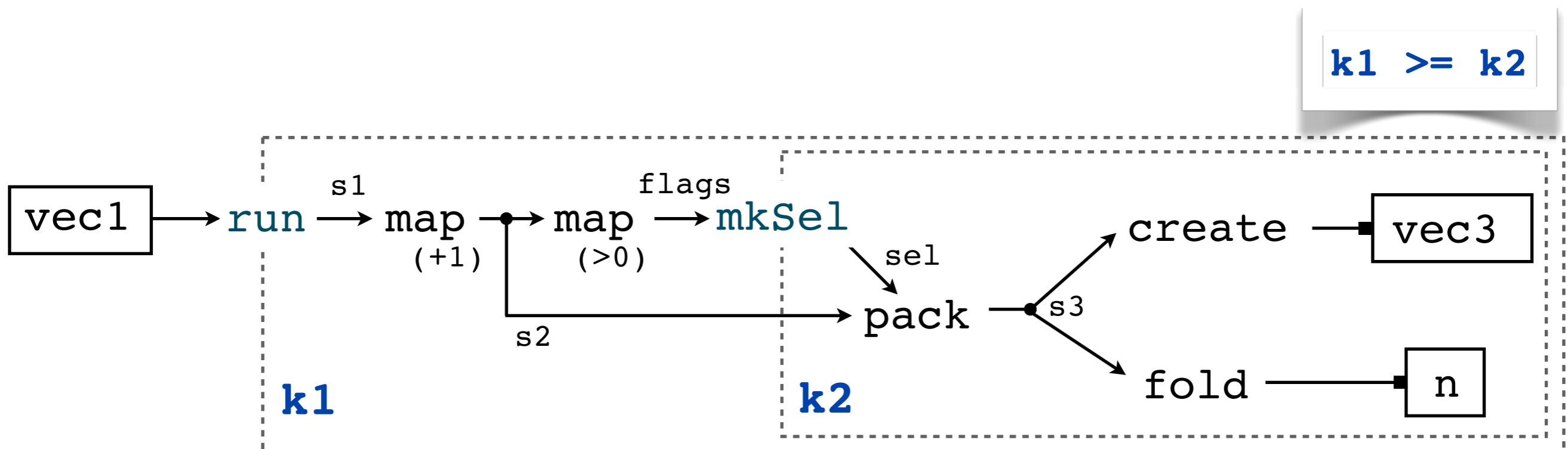



```

run    :: Vector a
      -> (forall k1. Series k1 a -> b) -> b

mkSel  :: Series k1 Bool
      -> (forall k2. Sel k1 k2      -> b) -> b

```



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: ...

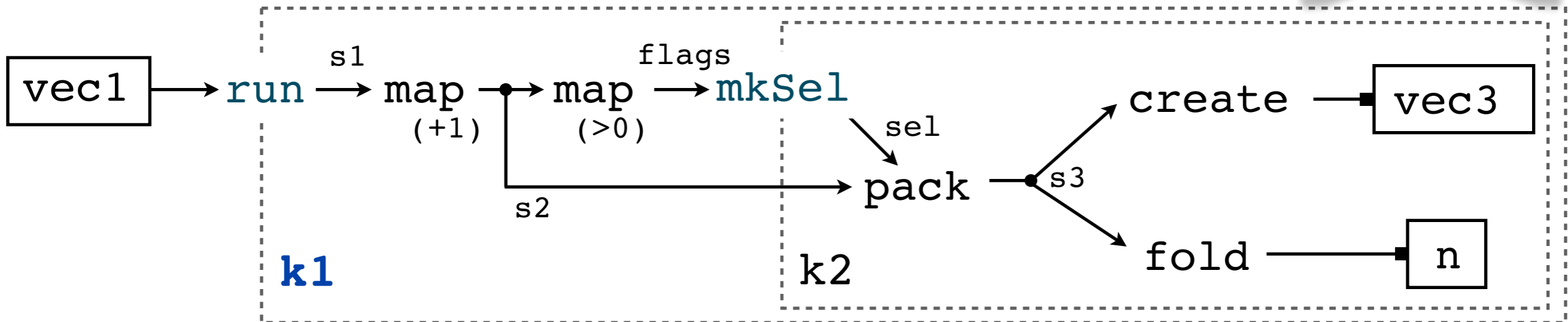
    body: ...

    inner: ...

    end: ...
  } yields ...

```

`k1 >= k2`



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: ...

    body:  x1    = next k1 vec1

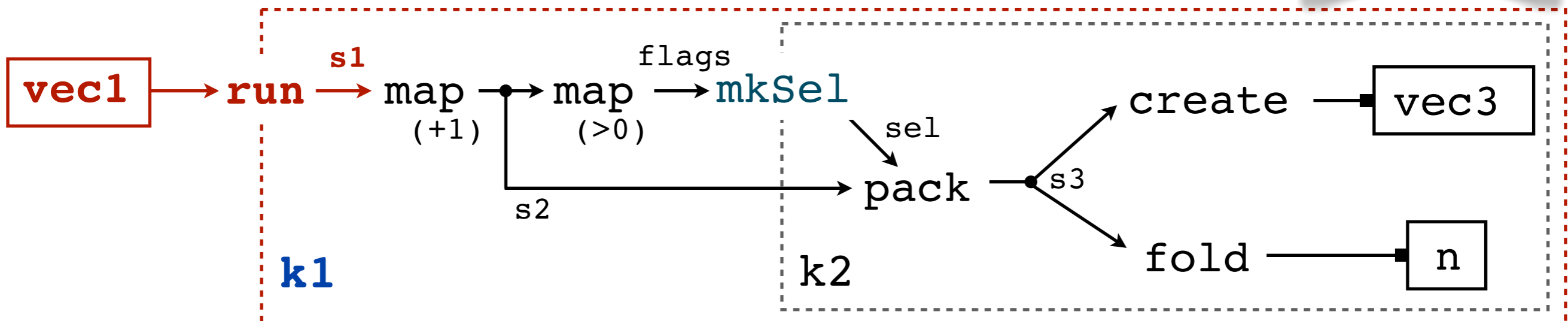
    inner: ...

    end:   ...

  } yields ...

```

`k1 >= k2`



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: ...

    body:  x1    = next k1 vec1
           x2    = (+ 1) x1

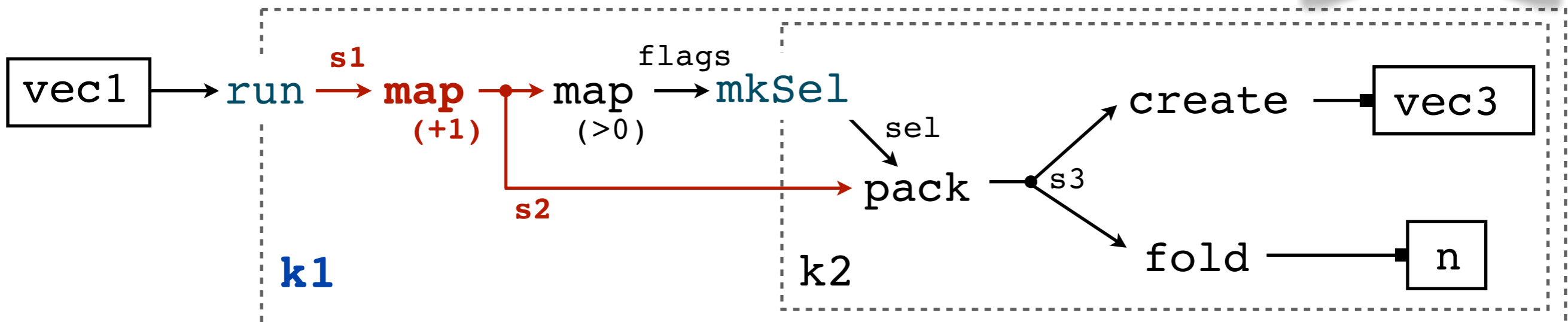
    inner: ...

    end:   ...

  } yields ...

```

`k1 >= k2`



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: ...

    body:  x1    = next k1 vec1
           x2    = (+ 1) x1
           xf   = (> 0) x1

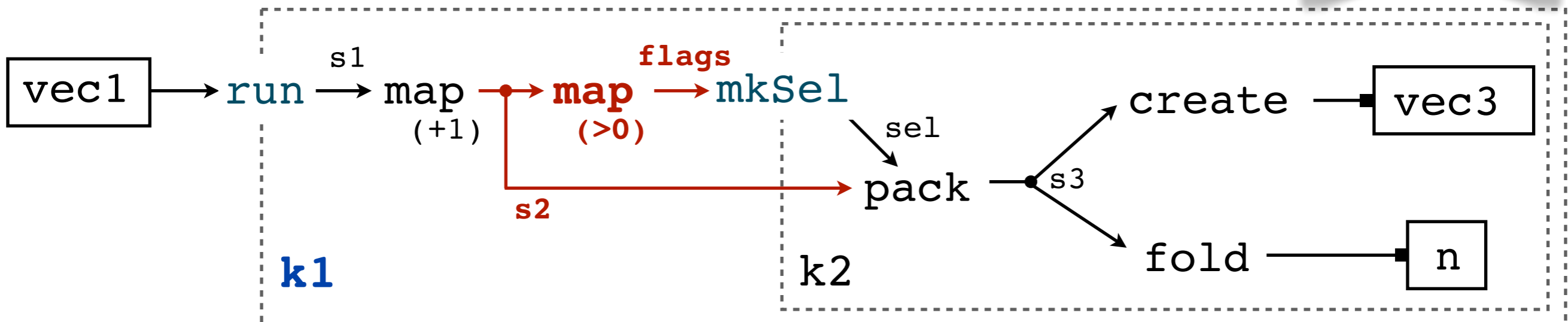
    inner: ...

  end:    ...

} yields ...

```

k1 >= k2



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: ...

  body:  x1    = next k1 vec1
         x2    = (+ 1) x1
         xf    = (> 0) x1

  inner: guard k2 xf
         { body: ...

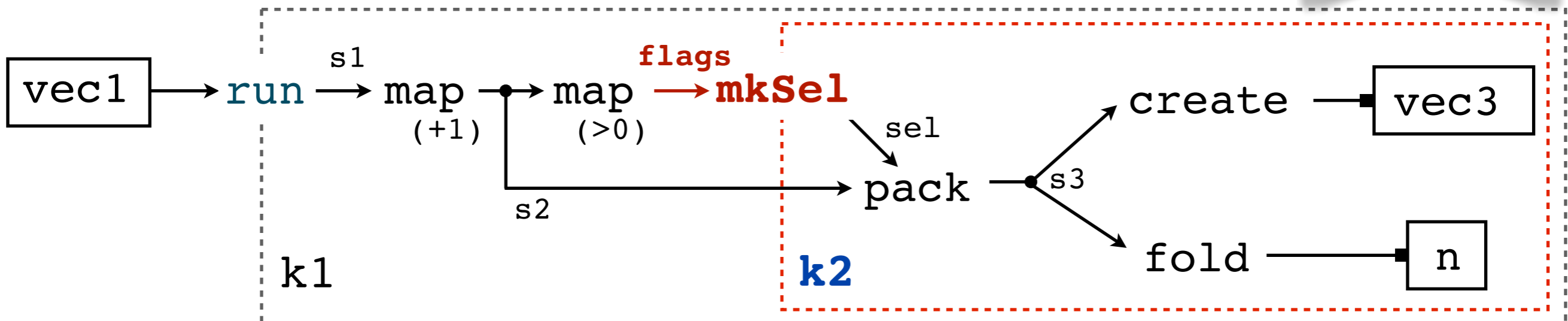
  }

  end:  ...

} yields ...

```

$k1 \geq k2$



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: ...

  body:  x1    = next k1 vec1
         x2    = (+ 1) x1
         xf    = (> 0) x1

  inner: guard k2 xf
         { body: x3      = x2

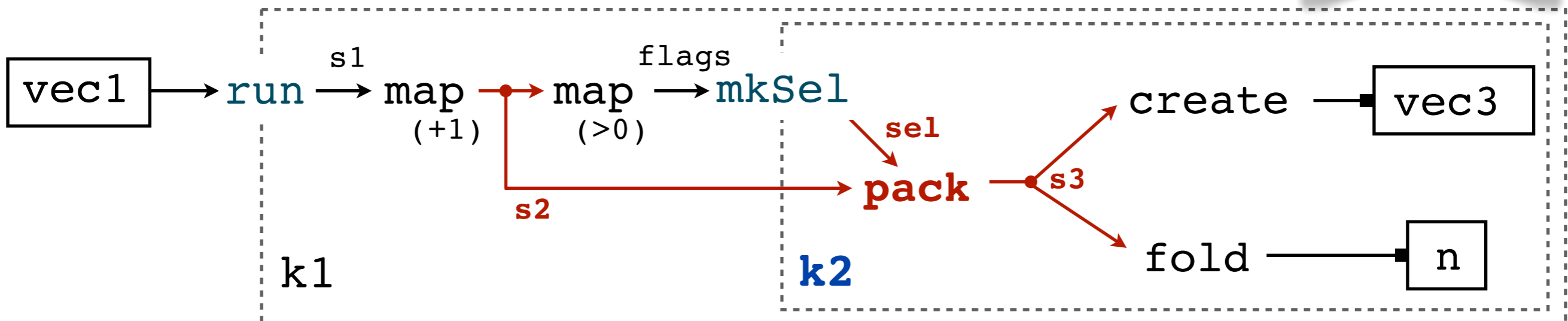
         }

  end:  ...

} yields ...

```

k1 >= k2



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: vec3 = newVec k2

  body:  x1    = next k1 vec1
         x2    = (+ 1) x1
         xf    = (> 0) x1

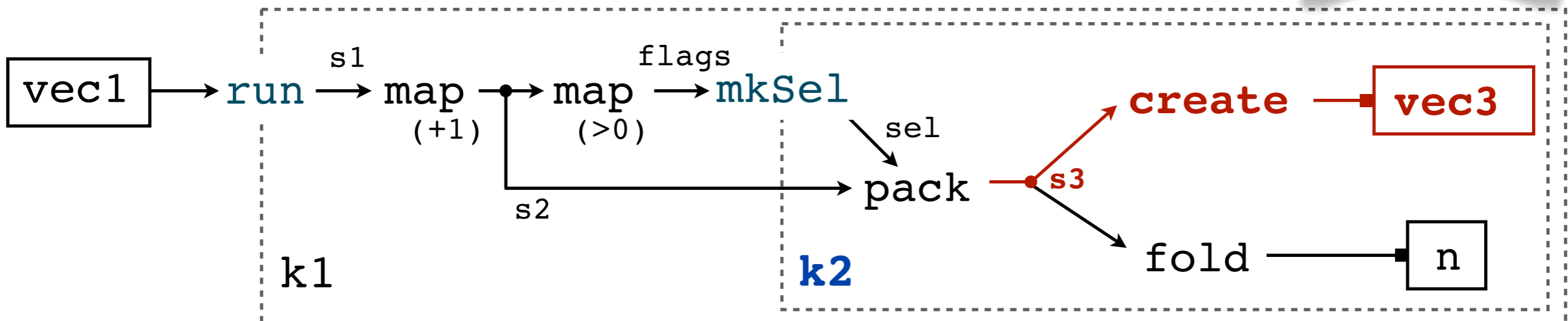
  inner: guard k2 xf
         { body: x3      = x2
           write k2 vec3 x3
         }

  end:  slice k2 vec3

} yields ...

```

k1 >= k2

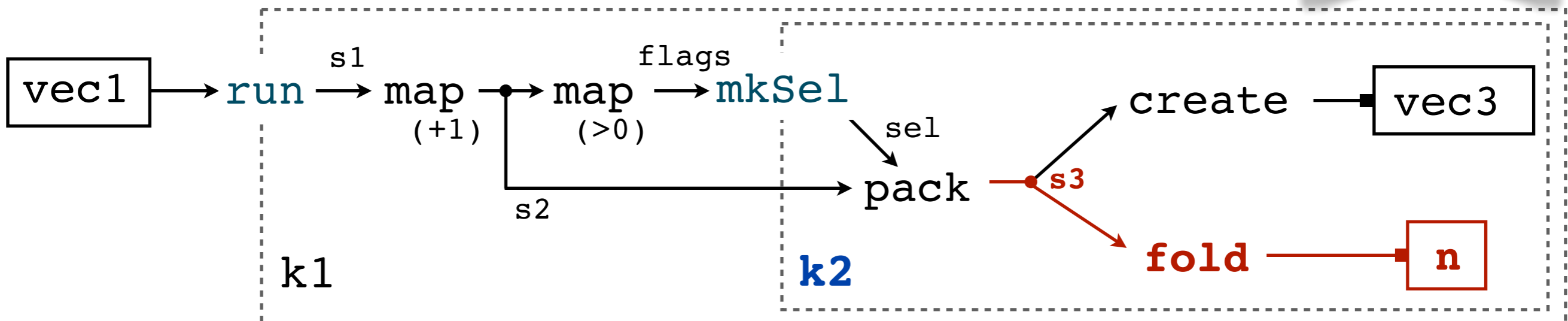



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: vec3 = newVec k2
    nAcc = newAcc 0
  body: x1 = next k1 vec1
        x2 = (+ 1) x1
        xf = (> 0) x1
  inner: guard k2 xf
        { body: x3 = x2
          write k2 vec3 x3
          nAcc := (+) nAcc x3
        }
  end: slice k2 vec3
      n = readAcc nAcc
} yields ...

```

`k1 >= k2`

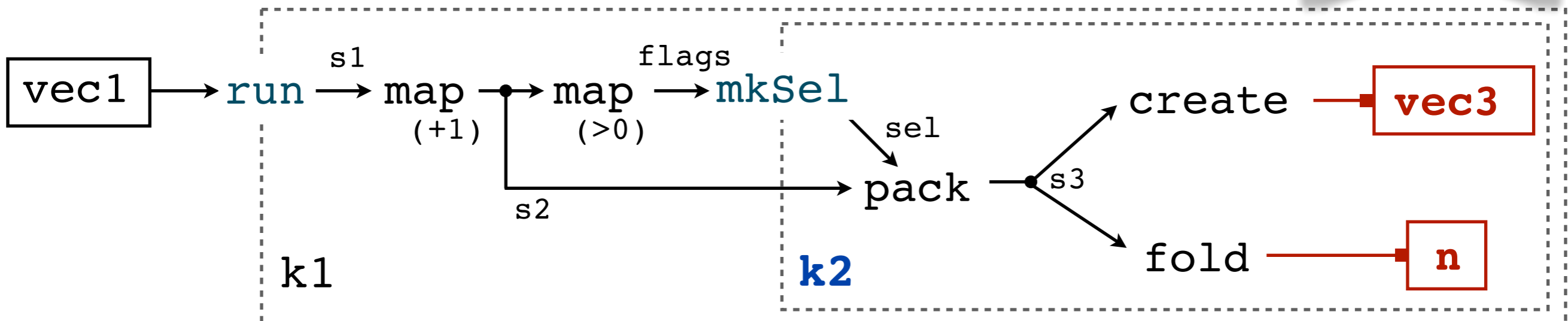


```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: vec3 = newVec k2
    nAcc = newAcc 0
  body: x1 = next k1 vec1
    x2 = (+ 1) x1
    xf = (> 0) x1
  inner: guard k2 xf
    { body: x3 = x2
      write k2 vec3 x3
      nAcc := (+) nAcc x3
    }
  end: slice k2 vec3
    n = readAcc nAcc
} yields (vec3, n)

```

`k1 >= k2`



```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
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        nAcc = newAcc 0
    body:  x1   = next k1 vec1
            x2   = (+ 1) x1
            xf   = (> 0) x1
    inner: guard k2 xf
            { body: x3   = x2
              write k2 vec3 x3
              nAcc := (+) nAcc x3
            }
    end:  slice k2 vec3
            n    = readAcc nAcc
  } yields (vec3, n)

```

```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: vec3 = newVec k2
    nAcc = newAcc 0
    body: x1 = next k1 vec1
          x2 = (+ 1) x1
          xf = (> 0) x1
    inner: guard k2 xf
          { body: x3 = x2
            write k2 vec3 x3
            nAcc := (+) nAcc x3
          }
    end: slice k2 vec3
        n = readAcc nAcc
  }
} yields (vec3, n)

```

```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= loop k1
  { start: vec3 = newVec k2
    nAcc = newAcc 0
  body: x1 = next k1 vec1
    x2 = (+ 1) x1
    xf = (> 0) x1
  inner: guard k2 xf
    { body: x3 = x2
      write k2 vec3 x3
      nAcc := (+) nAcc x3
    }
  end: slice k2 vec3
    n = readAcc nAcc
} yields (vec3, n)

```

```

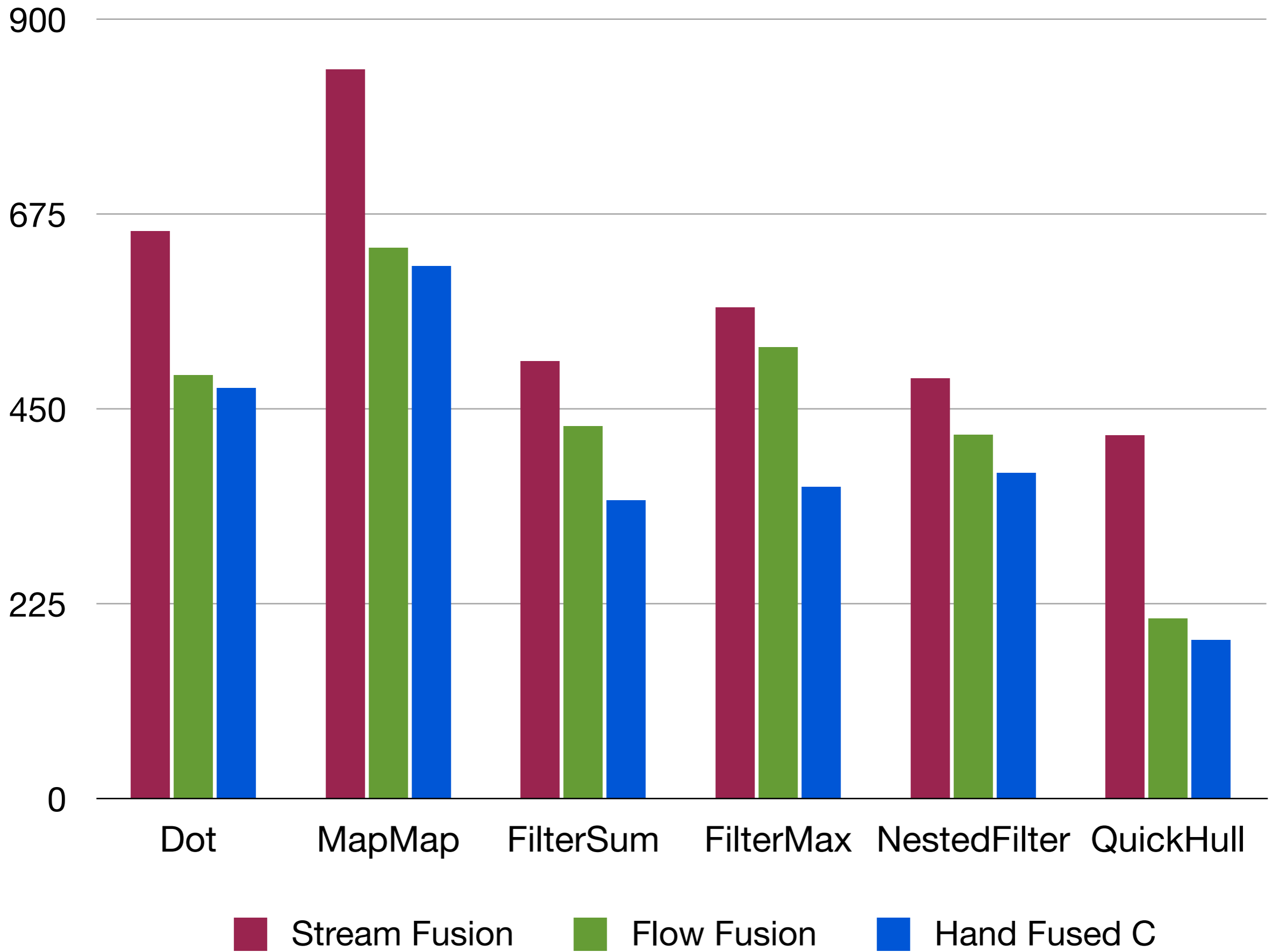
filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
= do vec3  <- newVec (length vec1)
     nAcc  <- newAcc 0
     k2Acc <- newAcc 0
     loopM (length vec1)
         (\ix1 ->
            do e1      <- next ix1 vec1
               let e2 = (+ 1) e1
                   ef = (> 0) e1
               guardM k2Acc ef (\ix2 ->
                  do let s3 = s2
                      write ix2 vec3
                      modifyAcc nAcc (\x -> (+) x s3))
        sliceVec k2Acc vec3
     n      <- readAcc nAcc
     return (vec3, n)

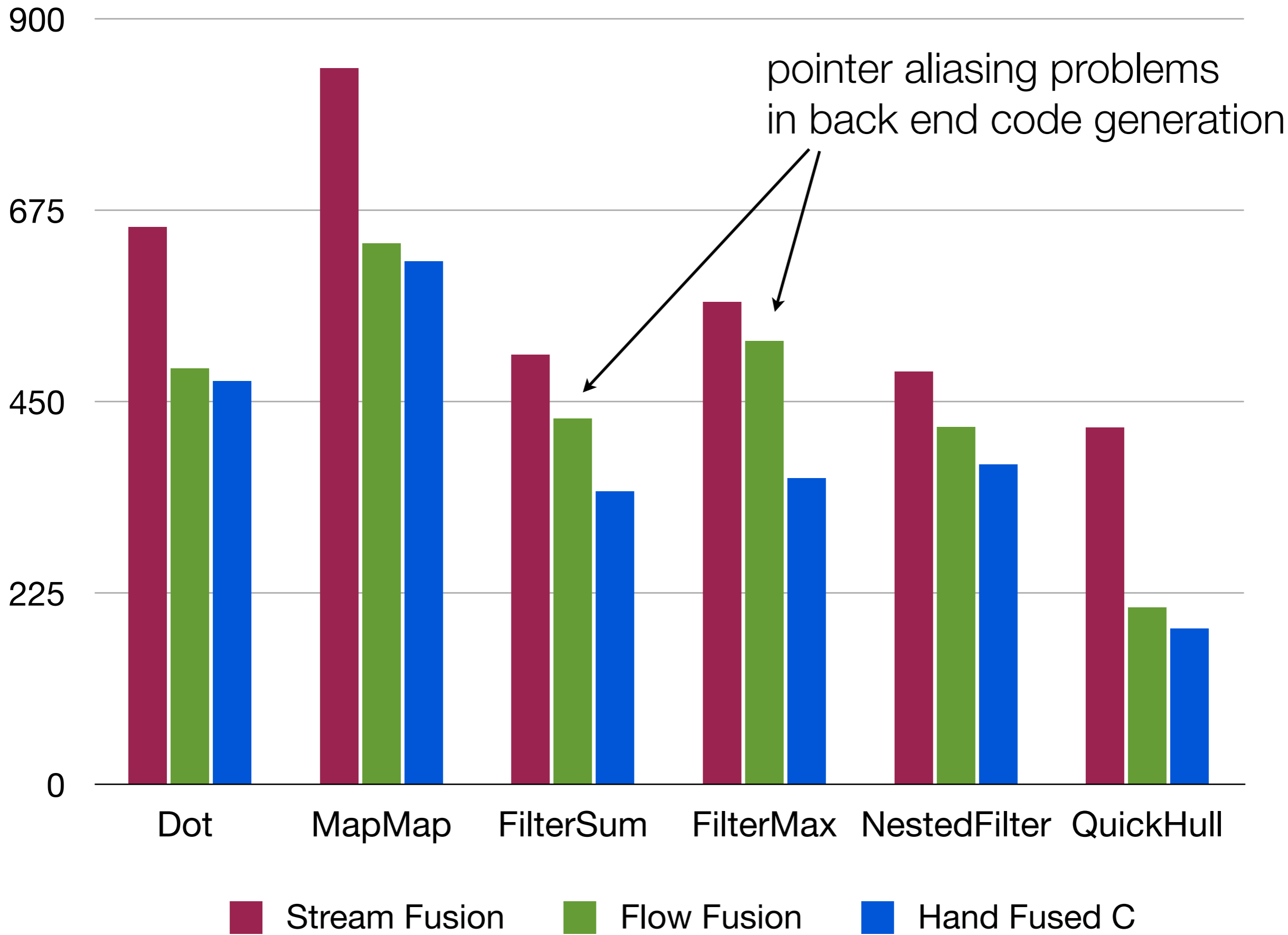
```

Implementation

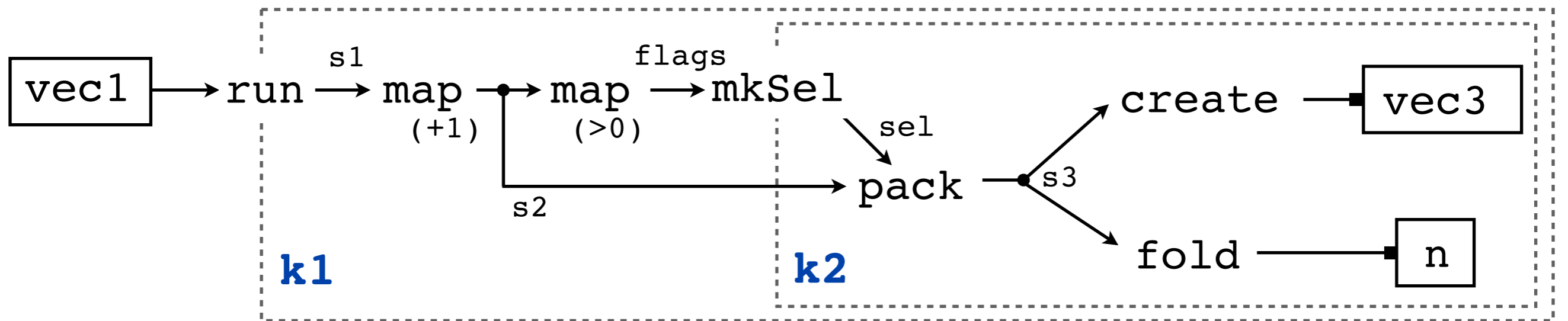
- We use a GHC plugin to hijack Core code during compilation.
- It's a data flow compiler inside a Haskell compiler.
- The back-end combinators like `loopM` and `guardM` are implemented in a separate library.

Benchmarks

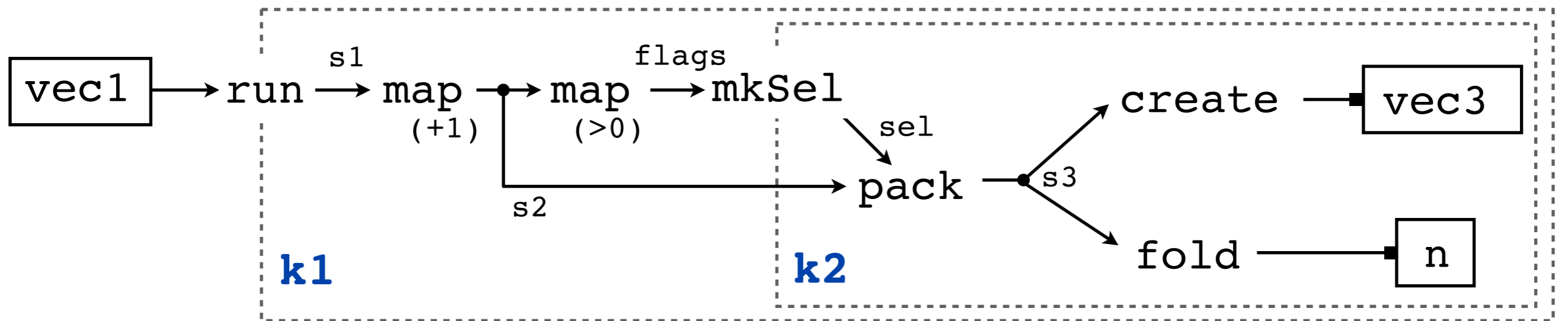




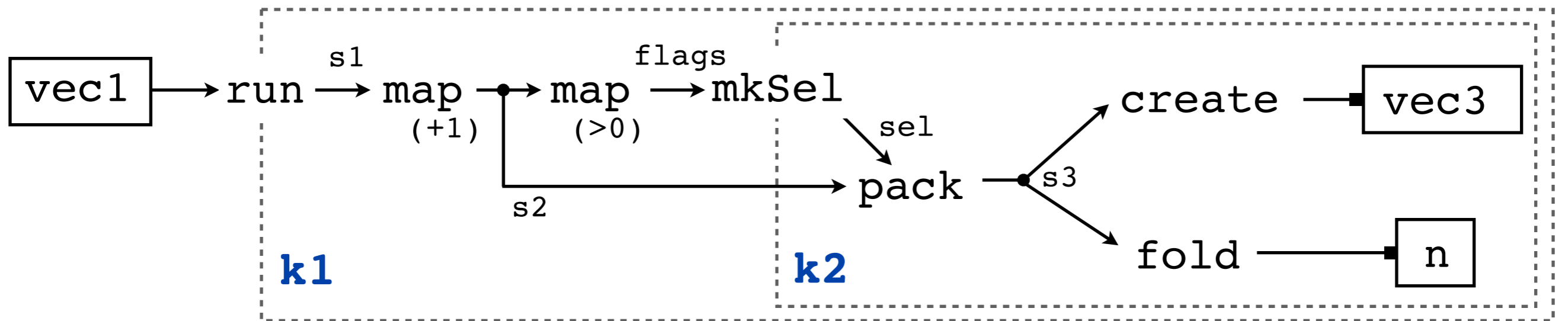
Summary



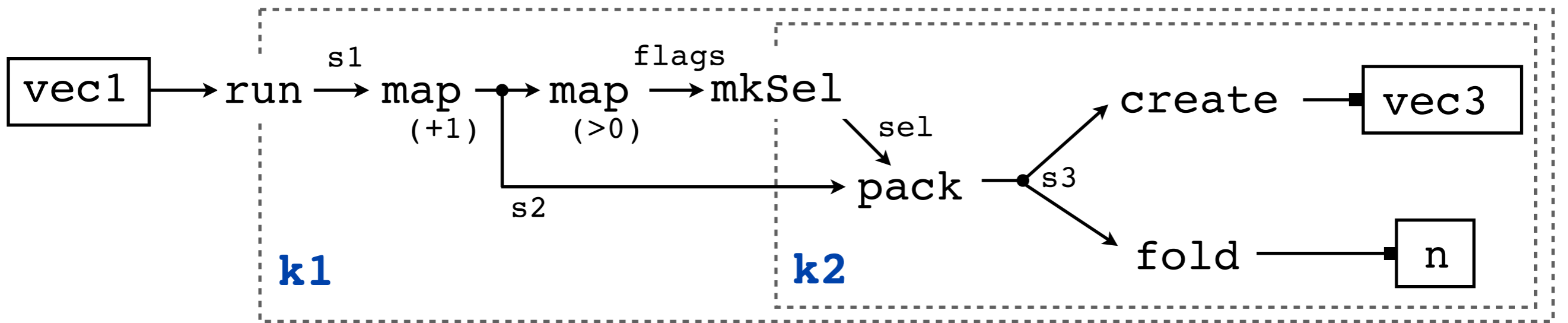
- **IF** your program is a first order, non-recursive, synchronous, finite, data flow program using our combinators.



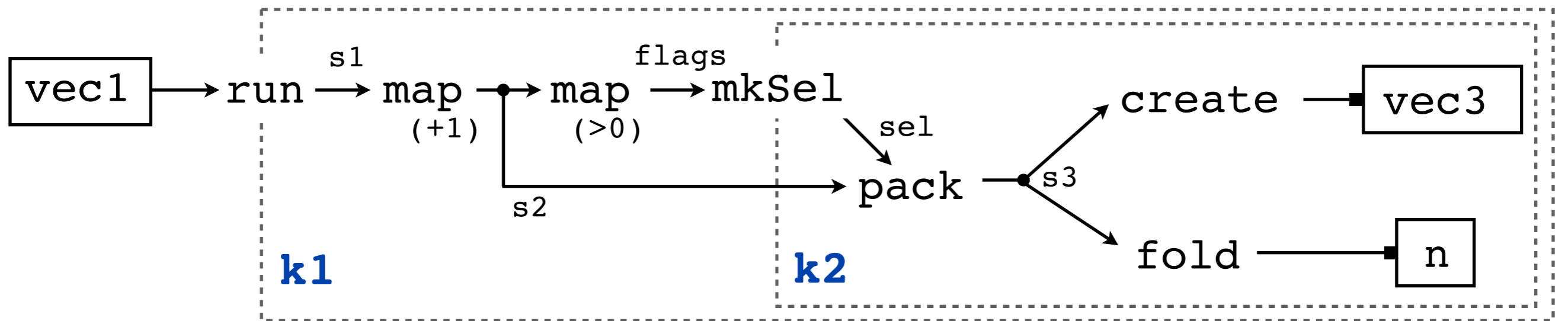
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- **THEN** it will be perfectly fused.



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- **THEN** it will be perfectly fused.
- If your program is NOT one of those then the plugin complains.



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- In numerical code, a large number of cycles are spent evaluating data flows of this form.
- **No need** to *stare at Core code* to **guarantee success** (at least for client programmers).

Questions?

Future Work

- It is fairly easy to generate SIMD code for map/fold programs based on this approach. We already have this working.
- Generating SIMD code for segmented operations will be more annoying, but no conceptual issues.
- Handling filters in an efficient way should be possible with the Intel AVX-512 instruction set (with predicated instructions).

```

filterMax :: Vector Int -> (Vector Int, Int)
filterMax vec1
  = do vec3  <- newVec k2
      nAcc  <- newAcc 0
      loopM (length vec1)
        (\ix1 ->
          do e1      <- next ix1 vec1
             let e2 = (+ 1) e1
                 let ef = (> 0) e1
                 guardM k2 ef (\ix2 ->
                   do let s3 = s2
                       write ix2 vec3 x3
                       modifyAcc nAcc (\x -> (+) x s3))
             sliceVec k2 vec3
            n      <- readAcc nAcc
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k1 >= k2